

Keresley Grange Primary Academy
Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
September 2025

"Safeguarding is everyone's responsibility"

Policy last reviewed: August 2025

Reviewed by: John Astley, August 2025

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Head Teacher/Principal: John Astley, Headteacher

Designated Safeguarding Lead: John Astley, Headteacher

Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead: Trudi Scholes (Family & Wellbeing Lead), Lynn Solloway (Assistant Headteacher and EYFS DSL), Lesley Dyson (Deputy Headteacher), Kelly Jones (SENDCO & Assistant Headteacher)

Named Governor for Safeguarding: Carol Blair

Chair of Governors: Jane Conlon, contact via admin@keresleygrange.coventry.sch.uk

Vice Chair of Governors: Tom Ledgard, contact via admin@keresleygrange.coventry.sch.uk

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1 Definitions

1.1 'Safeguarding' is defined in **Keeping Children Safe in Education (2025)** as;

- Providing help and support to meet the needs of children as soon as problems emerge
- protecting children from maltreatment; **whether that is within or outside the home, including online**
- preventing the impairment of children's mental and physical health or development;
- ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care; and
- taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.

1.2 'Child Protection' is the intervention that occurs when children have been significantly harmed or are at risk of significant harm.

1.3 'Child' refers to everyone under the age of 18.

1.4 'Parent' refers to birth parents and other adults in a parenting role for example adoptive parents, stepparents and foster carers.

1.5 'Staff' or 'members of staff' refers to all teaching, non-teaching, support, supply, peripatetic, contract staff, governors, volunteers and trustees working in or on behalf of **Keresley Grange**.

1.6 Within this policy, we use the term 'victim', although it is recognised that not everyone considers themselves to be a victim or would want to be described in this way. We also recognise the importance of not using the terminology of 'perpetrator' in relation to children in cases where the behaviour can be harmful to both parties. The appropriate use of terminology will be determined on a case-by-case basis.

2 Introduction

2.1 We recognise that safeguarding, child protection, and promoting the welfare of children is an essential part of our duty of care to all students. As such, all staff and governors have a responsibility to provide a safe environment in which children can learn. We understand that safeguarding, child protection and promoting the welfare of all children is everyone's responsibility and that everyone has a role to play in protecting children. We recognise that our school is part of a wider safeguarding system for children and work closely with other agencies to promote the welfare of children. We maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here' and will consider what is in the best interests of each child in line and upholding the Human Rights Act 1998 and Equality Act 2010.

2.2 The purpose of this policy is to;

- Promote safeguarding and child protection and to demonstrate **Keresley Grange's** commitment to keeping children safe;
- Provide all members of staff with the information required to meet their safeguarding duty and protect children from harm;
- Provide stakeholders with clear information relating to **Keresley Grange's** safeguarding and child protection procedures;
- Ensure that staff understand, can recognise and can respond to the indicators of abuse, exploitation or neglect;
- Ensure that all staff are aware of their mandatory reporting duty in relation to Section 5B of the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003; and
- Ensure that children are protected from maltreatment or harm.

2.3 **Keresley Grange** is committed to the following principles;

- All children have the right to be protected from harm.
- Children should feel safe and secure and cannot learn unless they do so.
- All staff are responsible for keeping children safe and have a responsibility to act if they think a child is at risk of harm.
- All staff take on a responsibility to promote children's welfare
- Providing support to families and/or children as soon as a problem emerges is essential to improving outcomes for children and families.

2.4 Safeguarding aims

2.4.1 The safeguarding aims of **Keresley Grange**, in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**) are to;

- work to identify children who are suffering or likely to suffer abuse, exploitation or neglect and act to protect them;
- work with relevant services and agencies to ensure that children are protected from harm;
- provide a learning environment for children which is safe and secure;
- teach children how to keep themselves safe and provide structures for them to raise concerns if they are worried or at risk of harm;
- support children's mental health and wellbeing;
- ensure that we adhere to safer recruitment guidance and legislation, deal promptly with allegations of abuse against staff and take bullying and harassment seriously;
- train staff effectively in all safeguarding issues (including online safety) and in their responsibilities for identifying and protecting children that are or may be at risk of harm;
- have a designated safeguarding lead and designated deputies, who will provide support to staff, students and families;

- recognise that all children may be vulnerable to abuse, but be aware that some children have increased vulnerabilities due to special educational needs or disabilities or particular protected characteristics (LGBTQA+, Gender questioning, etc);
- maintain a robust recording system for any safeguarding or child protection information;
- ensure that everyone in **Keresley Grange** understands the safeguarding procedures; and to
- regularly review policies and procedures to ensure that children are protected to the best of our ability.

2.5 This policy adheres to the following documents;

- [Keeping Children Safe in Education \(2025\)](#)
- [Working Together to Safeguard Children 2023](#)

2.6 We continue to work closely with the Local Authority and the Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership to safeguard children across the city.

2.7 Please note that there are a number of other documents (statutory and non-statutory) that inform our policy and practice. A list of these can be found in Annex B of Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**).

2.8 This policy should be read in conjunction with the following policies;

Keresley Grange Statement of Procedures for Dealing with Allegations of Abuse against Teachers, Other Staff and Volunteers

- ***Keresley Grange Whistleblowing Policy***
- ***The Futures Trust Safer Recruitment Policy***
- ***Keresley Grange Staff Code of Conduct***
- ***The Futures Trust's Suitability Policy -Statement on the Recruitment of Ex-offenders***
- ***The Futures Trust Reference Policy (Providing and requesting)***
- ***Keresley Grange Volunteer Policy***
- ***The Futures Trust's ICT Acceptable Use Policy***
- ***The Future' Trust Artificial Intelligence Policy (Staff)***
- ***Keresley Grange E-Safety Policy***
- ***Keresley Grange Visitor Management Policy***
- ***Keresley Grange Relationship and Behaviour Policy***
- ***Keresley Grange Educational Visits Policy***
- ***Keresley Grange Anti-Bullying Policy***
- ***Keresley Grange Attendance Policy***
- ***Keresley Grange Suspensions and Exclusions Policy***
- ***The Futures Trust's Complaints Policy***

Links to these policies can be found in Appendix A.

2.9 Scope

2.9.1 This policy applies to all teaching, non-teaching, support, supply, peripatetic, contract staff, governors, volunteers and trustees and The Futures Trust employees working in or on behalf of **Keresley Grange**. All references in this document to 'staff' or 'members of staff' should be interpreted as relating to the aforementioned unless otherwise stated.

2.9.2 Rather than duplicating content from Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**) in this policy, it should be understood that **Keresley Grange** will always refer to this document as the benchmark for all safeguarding practice.

3 Roles and Responsibilities

3.1 The Role of the Local Governing Committee

3.1.1 The Local Governing Committee have a strategic leadership responsibility for our safeguarding arrangements. We have a Trustee Safeguarding Lead role which is carried out by Carol Blair. Part 2 of Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**) sets out the responsibilities of governing bodies. As part of these overarching responsibilities the Governing Body will;

- Have a strategic leadership responsibility for **Keresley Grange** safeguarding arrangements
- Aware of the obligations under the Human Rights Act 1998 , the Equality Act 2010 and the Public Sector Equality Duty
- Ensure that they comply with their duties under legislation;
- Ensure a whole **school** approach to safeguarding, including the use of mobile and smart technology in school;
- Ensure that policies, procedure and training are effective and comply with the law at all times and that they allow concerns to be responded to in a timely manner;
- Ensure Keresley Grange consider local authority and Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership policies and supply information as requested by the safeguarding partners (the Local Authority, a clinical commissioning group for an area within the local authority and the chief office of police for a police area within the local authority);
- Ensure Keresley Grange have an effective child protection policy, that it is published on Keresley Grange website

<https://www.keresleygrange.co.uk/page/?title=Safeguarding&pid=56> or available in paper form from the school office and review this annually;

- Ensure Keresley Grange have a staff behaviour policy or Code of Conduct which refers to low level concerns, allegations against staff and whistleblowing procedures alongside acceptable use of technologies;
- Ensure that all staff and governors undergo safeguarding and child protection training on induction (including online safety and filters and monitoring processes) and this is regularly updated;
- Ensure Keresley Grange contribute to multi-agency working in line with statutory guidance;
- Ensure that there are clear systems and processes in place for identifying when children may be experiencing mental health problems;
- Ensure that children are taught about safeguarding, including online safety as a whole **school** approach and curriculum planning but recognising that a one size fits all approach may not be appropriate for all children. See section 12 of this policy for further information;
- Put in place and follow appropriate safeguarding responses for children who are absent from education;
- Appoint an appropriate member of staff from the senior leadership team to the role of Designated Safeguarding Lead;
- Understand the local criteria for action and local protocol for assessment;
- Recognise the importance of information sharing between practitioners and local agencies but take a risk-based approach to level of information that is provided to temporary staff, volunteers and contractors;
- Ensure that appropriate filters and monitoring systems are in place to keep children safe online and share information regarding online abuse and risks including where to access advice with parents and carers;
- Respond to allegations of abuse against the headteacher whilst ensuring there are procedures in place to manage safeguarding concerns or allegations against staff (including supply staff, volunteers and contractors); and
- Ensure safer working practice is embedded and effective within policies.

3.2. The Role of the Headteacher

3.2.1 The headteacher will;

- Ensure that this policy is reviewed annually at minimum and ratified by the governing body;
- Ensure that this policy and associated procedures are adhered to by all staff;
- Ensure that all staff are made aware of the named governor for safeguarding and the Designated Safeguarding Lead;

- Ensure that the role of 'Designated Safeguarding Lead' is explicit in the role-holder's job description including leading on filters and monitoring processes;
- Decide whether to have one or more deputy safeguarding leads and ensure they are trained to the same standard as the Designated Safeguarding Lead;
- Organise appropriate cover for the role of Designated Safeguarding Lead for any out of hour/out of term activities;
- Appoint a 'Designated Teacher for Looked-After and Previously Looked-After Children' to promote the educational achievement of children looked after;
- Appoint a lead for online safety; (DSL will still retain ultimate responsibility for this)
- Promote a whole school approach to safeguarding;
- Promote resilience to social and emotional wellbeing, which is tailored to the needs of the children;
- Ensure that all recruitment follows the 'Safer Recruitment' guidance and a single, central record is maintained with details of all members of staff who are in contact with children;
- Respond to low level concerns and allegations of abuse against all other members of staff including supply staff, volunteers and contractors;
- Refer cases where a person is dismissed or left due to risk/harm to a child to the Disclosure and Barring Service and Teaching Regulation Agency as required;
- Ensure that Keresley Grange collaborates with Children's Services, the Police, Health services and other services to; promote the welfare of children; provide a co-ordinated offer of early help assessments when need is identified; contribute to inter-agency plans for children subject to children protection plans and to protect children from harm;
- Safeguard children's wellbeing and maintain public trust in the teaching profession as part of their professional duties (Teaching Standards, 2012); and
- Ensure that children's Services (from the host local authority or placing authority) have access to **Keresley Grange** to conduct, or to consider whether to conduct a section 47 or section 17 assessment, as per Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**).

3.3 The Role of the Designated Safeguarding Lead

3.3.1 The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) for **Keresley Grange** is **John Astley**. Our Deputy Designated Safeguard Lead (DDSLs) in the DSL's absence are **Trudi Scholes, Lynn Solloway, Lesley Dyson, Kelly Jones**.

The Designated Safeguarding Lead will;

- Take overall lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection (including online safety and filters and monitoring);
- Liaise with the safeguarding partners and work with other agencies in line with Working Together to Safeguard Children (2023);

- Always be available during term time school hours for staff in **Keresley Grange** to discuss safeguarding concerns. If they are not available, a deputy will be made available;
- Undergo training to provide them with the knowledge and skills required to carry out this role updated a minimum of biannually;
- Act as a source of support and expertise on matters relating to safeguarding and child protection to ensure that other members of staff can carry out their safeguarding duty;
- Be best placed to advise on the response to safeguarding concerns;
- Identify if children may benefit from early help;
- Act as a point of contact with the safeguarding partners;
- Make referrals to Coventry's Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) where children have been harmed or are at risk of significant harm;
- Make referrals to the Channel programme where there is a radicalisation concern and/or support staff that make a referral to Channel;
- Support Keresley Grange staff with regards to their responsibilities under the Prevent duty and provide advice and support on protecting children from radicalisation;
- Refer cases to the police where a crime may have been committed¹;
- Ensure all staff have read and understood Part 1 and/or Annex A of Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**);
- Update their knowledge and skills regularly and keep up with any developments relevant to their role;
- Provide staff in school with the knowledge, skills and support required to safeguard children;
- Take responsibility for the accurate and timely recording of safeguarding and child protection concerns and take overall responsibility for safeguarding and child protection files;
- Take responsibility for the transfer of safeguarding files when a child leaves **Keresley Grange**;
- Attend or ensure an appropriate representative attends multi-agency safeguarding or child protection meetings;
- Promote supportive engagement with parents and/or carers in safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children;
- Work closely with other relevant education professionals (e.g. SENCO, Virtual School Head) to ensure children with additional vulnerabilities are safeguarded;
- Help to promote educational outcomes of child who have experienced or are experiencing safeguarding or child protection issues by sharing relevant information with teachers and Keresley Grange leadership team;
- Promote a 'culture of safeguarding', in which every member of **Keresley Grange** community acts in the best interests of the child;
- Ensuring **Keresley Grange** knows who its cohort of children who have or have had a social worker are, understanding their academic progress and attainment, and maintaining a culture of high aspirations;

- Regularly meet (every half term at a minimum) with the safeguarding link governor and/or Chair of Governors to review safeguarding in **Keresley Grange**; and
- Liaise with the headteacher regarding safeguarding cases and issues.
- Liaise with the senior mental health lead when safeguarding concerns are linked to mental health
- Be Aware of the requirement for children to have an Appropriate Adult – PACE code C 2019

3.3.2 Further details on the role of the Designated Safeguarding Lead can be found in Annex C of Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**).

3.4 The Role & Responsibilities of all Staff within School

3.4.1 School staff play a particularly important role because they are in a position to identify concerns early in order to provide help for children. All staff in **Keresley Grange**;

- Have a responsibility to provide a safe environment, where children can learn;
- Will be able to identify indicators of abuse, exploitation or neglect; with an awareness of safeguarding issues that put children at risk of harm and behaviours associated with these risks;
- Should know what to do if a child tells them that he/she is being abused, exploited or neglected but that children may not feel ready or know how to tell someone that they are being abuse, exploited or neglected and/or recognise their experience as harmful;
- Will be aware of indicators of child-on-child abuse and procedures to deal with this;
- All staff, but especially the DSL and deputies, will also consider whether children are at risk of abuse or exploitation in situations outside their families;
- Will be made aware of; the safeguarding and child protection policy; Keresley Grange behaviour policy; the staff behaviour policy; information about the safeguarding response to children missing in education; the role of the designated safeguarding lead and systems in **Keresley Grange** that support safeguarding and child protection;
- Will be provided with a copy of Part 1/Annex A of Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**) annually and receive annually updated training on their safeguarding roles and responsibilities;
- Will receive regularly updated safeguarding and child protection training including online safety;
- Will receive safeguarding updates throughout the year as part of continuous professional development;
- Should be able to contribute to the development of safeguarding policy and practice;
- Will be made aware of the early help assessment process and understand their role in it;
- Should be prepared to identify children who may benefit from early help and will discuss early help requirements with the safeguarding lead in the first instance;

- May be required to support social workers and other agencies following a referral;
- Will be made aware of the process for making referrals to Children's Services (through the MASH), understand statutory assessments and the role that they may be expected to play in such assessments;
- Should be prepared to make referrals to the MASH if they have concerns about a child's welfare and understand the role that they may be expected to play in such assessments;
- Understands the referral process to the (LADO) and the role they play should they have concerns or allegations are made against any member of staff;
- Should always seek advice from the Designated Safeguarding Lead if they are unsure; and
- All teachers should safeguard children's wellbeing and maintain public trust in the teaching profession as part of their professional duties (Teaching Standards, 2012).

At Keresley Grange....

- Safeguarding is of the highest priority and staff are well-trained to be vigilant and proactive. It is the responsibility of everyone working in school.
- CPOMs is the agreed system for logging any and all safeguarding incidents. Staff are trained at least termly in how to create effective and efficient CPOMs entries. These are monitored and checked by the Pastoral Team.
- There is an open and proactive safeguarding culture at Keresley Grange and staff will speak to one of the Pastoral Team as soon as is practically possible for advice and to notify about cases.
- Where it is not efficient to record an incident on CPOMs, (eg where a member of staff is a temporary or Midday Assistant), an incident form will be filled in and given to a member of the Pastoral Team who will upload to CPOMS.
- Weekly update briefings and staff meeting focus time ensure that training is up to date.
- Senior Leaders monitor all safeguarding arrangements and practical application in school on a weekly basis and provide feedback and adaptations to practice as relevant.
- The Pastoral Team (DSL and DDSLs) meet weekly to discuss key safeguarding cases and situations and provide rationale and decision-making about next steps and appropriate support for the child.

3.5 Multi-Agency Working

3.5.1 Keresley Grange is committed to multi-agency working and operates under Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018) and local safeguarding arrangements.

3.5.2 Keresley Grange will work with Children's Services the Police, Health services, local Early Help practitioners and other relevant agencies to promote the welfare of children and protect them from harm.

3.5.3 We work closely with our local Family Hub to ensure children receive appropriate, co-ordinated Early Help Assessments. The school Family & Wellbeing Lead (Trudi Scholes) is the

designated school lead for Early Help and liaises closely with the Pathways Family Hub. Our allocated Early Help Coordinator is Ellie Simms.

3.5.4 The Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership (CSCP) have designated that schools and colleges are a named 'relevant agency'. As such, Keresley Grange is under a statutory duty to co-operate with published CSCP arrangements.

4 Types of abuse, Neglect and Exploitation

4.1 As outlined above, all staff will be trained in indicators of abuse, exploitation and neglect and should be able to recognise signs of these. We recognise that abuse, exploitation and neglect along with other safeguarding issues are complex and often multidimensional and therefore don't fall solely under one category. Types of abuse or harm can take many forms including directly inflicting harm on a child or failing to protect a child from harm online as well as face to face both inside and outside of Keresley Grange/college, including the multi-faceted occurrence of factors causing emotional harm. **In many cases abuse and other risks will take place concurrently both online and offline.**

The four main types of abuse that staff are trained to recognise are;

- Physical abuse;
- Sexual abuse;
- Emotional abuse;
- Neglect.

4.2 Types of abuse (Taken from Keeping Children Safe in Education, 2023)

Type of abuse	Information
Abuse	A form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. Harm can include ill treatment that is not physical as well as the impact of witnessing ill treatment of others. This can be particularly relevant, for example, in relation to the impact on children of all forms of domestic abuse. Children may be abused in a family or in an institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others. Abuse can take place wholly online, or technology may be used to facilitate offline abuse. Children may be abused by an adult or adults, or another child or children.
Physical abuse	A form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning,

	<p>suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.</p>
<p>Emotional abuse</p>	<p>The persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and persistent adverse effects on the child’s emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or ‘making fun’ of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child’s developmental capability, as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning, or preventing the child participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyber bullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, though it may occur alone.</p>

<p>Sexual abuse</p>	<p>Involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example, rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse. Sexual abuse can take place online, and technology can be used to facilitate offline abuse. Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children.</p> <p>The sexual abuse of children by other children is a specific safeguarding issue in education and all staff should be aware of this and of Keresley Grange policy and procedures for dealing with this.</p>
<p>Neglect</p>	<p>The persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy, for example, as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to: provide adequate food, clothing and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate care-givers); or ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs.</p>

At Keresley Grange....

- Regular case studies are carried out by staff to support their understanding of the signs of abuse and how they may inter-relate. Each case is different and may be complex.
- Staff record factual information about behaviours displayed by a child on CPOMS, however minor they may seem. All staff know that one behaviour could be a small piece of a jigsaw for a child's safety.
- There is a commitment by staff to go above and beyond to ensure that children are safe and protected from harm.
- Regular reminders about the importance of safeguarding and procedures for Keresley Grange are sent to the school community via Studybugs (the school – parent communication system), Facebook, newsletters and paper letters.
- The member of staff who knows the child best (often class teacher or teaching assistant) will usually be the most appropriate person to spot signs of abuse or changes in behaviour and they are expected to respond appropriately to a safeguarding concern they have, addressing it with parents in the first instance. This will often be done in consultation with a member of the Pastoral Team.

4.3 Indicators of abuse can be found in Appendix B.

4.4 If a child is in immediate danger or at risk of harm, a referral will be made to children's services (through the MASH) and any member of staff can make this referral. A Designated or Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead should be available at all times, but in exceptional circumstances the member of staff should speak to a member of the Senior Leadership Team or seek advice directly from Children's Service and then take appropriate action. The Designated Safeguarding Lead should be made aware as soon as possible.

4.5 Staff, parents and the wider community should report any concerns that they have about the welfare of children, however minor or seemingly insignificant. Staff should not assume that someone else will report concerns.

4.6 Keresley Grange recognises that any child can be the victim of abuse and may benefit from early help. However, Keresley Grange will be particularly vigilant to potential need for early help if a child;

- is disabled or has certain health conditions and has specific additional needs;
- has special educational needs (whether or not they have a statutory education, health and care plan);
- Has experienced multiple suspensions, is at risk of being permanently excluded from schools, colleges and in alternative provision or a pupil referral unit
- has a mental health need;
- is a young carer;
- is showing signs of being drawn in to anti-social or criminal behaviour, including gang involvement and association with organised crime groups or county lines;

- is frequently missing/goes missing from care or from home;
- is a risk of modern slavery, trafficking, sexual or criminal exploitation;
- is misusing drugs or alcohol themselves;
- has a family member in prison, or is affected by parental offending;
- is in a family circumstance presenting challenges for the child, such as substance abuse, adult mental health problems or domestic abuse;
- has returned home to their family from care;
- is showing early signs of abuse and/or neglect;
- is at risk of being radicalised or exploited;
- is at risk of 'honour-based' abuse such as Female Genital Mutilation or Forced Marriage;
- is persistently absent from education, including persistent absences for part of Keresley Grange day.
- is a privately fostered child.

4.7 Keresley Grange recognises that abuse can take many different forms. Staff will also receive training on the following issues and action will be taken if **Keresley Grange** believes that a child is at risk of or is the victim of;

- bullying, including cyberbullying, prejudice based and discriminatory
- child criminal exploitation and sexual exploitation including involvement in county lines);
- domestic abuse;
- emotional abuse;
- fabricated or induced illness;
- faith-based abuse;
- female genital mutilation;
- forced marriage;
- gangs or youth violence;
- gender-based violence;
- hate;
- mental health;
- neglect;
- peer on peer abuse;
- physical abuse;
- radicalisation;
- relationship abuse;
- serious violence and harassment;
- sexual abuse;
- sexual violence or sexual harassment (including peer on peer abuse);
- sharing of consensual or non-consensual nude and semi-nude images/videos (including computer or AI generated "pseudo-images");

- So-called 'honour-based' abuse;
- trafficking and modern slavery.

4.8 Keresley Grange will also take action to protect;

- Children missing education;
- Children missing from home or care.

4.8.1 There are other familial issues that can have a detrimental impact on children.

We work with other agencies in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education (2024) to support children and families in the following circumstances;

- Children facing the court procedures and/or children in the court system;
- Children with family members in prison;
- Children who are homeless;
- Children who need a social worker.

4.9 Children potentially at greater risk of harm

4.9.1 **Keresley Grange** recognises that some children need a social worker due to abuse, neglect or complex family circumstances and that abuse and trauma can leave children vulnerable to further harm, as well as educational disadvantage.

4.9.2 The Designated Safeguarding Lead will hold information relating to social workers working with children in Keresley Grange.

4.9.3 This information will inform decisions about safeguarding and promoting welfare (including the provision of pastoral and/or academic support).

4.10 Children persistently absent from Education

4.10.1 **Keresley Grange** understands that children being absent from education for prolonged periods and/or repeat occasions can act as a vital warning sign to a range of safeguarding issues including neglect, child sexual and criminal exploitation – particularly county lines. It may indicate mental health problems, risk of substance abuse, risk of travelling to conflict zones, risk of female genital mutilation, so called 'honour'-based abuse or risk of forced marriage.

4.15.2 Keresley Grange will report information to the Local Authority when problems are first emerging and always should this result in the removal of a child from roll.

A summary of key actions is below but please refer to the specific policy Children Missing Education or Persistently Absent on the school website and DFE guidance:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/children-missing-education>

- Daily attendance monitored by hub team after morning registration
- First Day absence procedures followed for all students, text message, phone call, (see attendance policy and CME flowchart).
- Students who are Looked After, on a Child Protection plan or have other identified vulnerabilities, such as police notifications of Domestic Abuse with current Early Help services involvement, the social worker/key worker will be informed of absence and any concerns as soon as possible. If there is any doubt as to whether a child may be at risk of harm, the Designated Safeguarding Lead will be consulted.
- After 5 days the Local Authority CME team will be informed if no contact has been made with the family, having followed the normal absence process (text messages, phone calls, home visits).
- After a maximum of 10 days, the Children Missing Education Form will be completed and further advice sought.

After 20 days, the Remove From Roll checklist will be completed and advice will be sought from the CME team. The child can only be deleted from the Schools Admission register, with the signature of the Head Teacher on the completed Remove From Roll checklist.

4.10.2 **Keresley Grange** will report information to the Local Authority when problems are first emerging and if there is a need for the removal of a child from roll.

4.11 Elective Home Education

4.11.1 **Keresley Grange** recognises that many home educated children have a positive learning experience and the decision is one with the child's best interests at heart however elective home education can mean that some children are not in receipt of suitable education.

4.11.2 Since 2016, **Keresley Grange** has a statutory duty to inform the Local Authority of all deletions from roll. When Elective Home Education is the reason for this removal, the Local authority and other key professionals will work alongside **Keresley Grange** to coordinate a meeting with parents where possible ideally before a final decision is made.

4.12 Children requiring Mental Health support

4.12.1 Keresley Grange recognise that safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children includes preventing the impairment of children's mental health or development.

4.12.2 All staff will be aware that mental health problems may be an indicator that a child is suffering or is at risk of suffering abuse, neglect or exploitation.

4.12.3 Staff will not attempt to make a diagnosis of a mental health problem unless they are appropriately trained.

4.12.4 We recognise that staff are well-placed to observe behaviour that may indicate that a child is experiencing a mental health problem, or is at risk of developing one. There are clear systems and processes in place for identifying possible mental health problems. If staff are concerned that a child is suffering a mental health problem, they should speak to the Family & Wellbeing Lead in the first instance for advice. This child may receive additional in-house support or be referred to the MHST (Mental Health in Schools Team), counselling, Compass or another external service. They will be discussed at the weekly Pastoral Meeting.

4.12.5 If staff are concerned that a child is experiencing a mental health problem that is also a safeguarding concern, they must report this to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead) immediately.

4.12.6 Further information, guidance and advice regarding mental health can be found on page **50 of Keeping Children Safe in Education 2025.**

At Keresley Grange....

- Mental Health and wellbeing are important at Keresley Grange. The school uses My Happy Mind as a strategy to support and promote understanding of mental health and wellbeing. Weekly lessons are carried out in every class as well as assemblies. These lessons are in addition to weekly PSHE sessions. Additional interventions and support systems by school staff may also be used for minor concerns about a child's mental health.
- The DSL and the Family & Wellbeing Lead are Mental Health First Aid trained.
- Keresley Grange uses the following services to support with mental health and wellbeing:
 - Thrive
 - MHST
 - RISE
 - Compass
 - Counselling
 - SEMHL specialist practitioners

4.13 Children who are Lesbian, Gay, Bi (LGBTQA+) or may be gender questioning children

4.13.1 The fact that a child or a young person may be LGBT is not in itself an inherent risk factor for harm. However, children who are LGBT can be targeted by other children. In some cases, a

child who is perceived by other children to be LGBT (whether they are or not) can be just as vulnerable as children who identify as LGBT.

4.13.2 In line with updated **Keeping Children Safe In Education (2025)** guidance, it is important to consider the Cass review, which identified that caution is necessary for children questioning their gender as there remain many unknowns about the impact of social transition and children may well have wider vulnerabilities, including having complex mental health and psychosocial needs, and in some cases additional diagnoses of autism spectrum disorder and/or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

4.13.3 It recommended that when families/carers are making decisions about support for gender questioning children, they should be encouraged to seek clinical help and advice. When parents are supporting pre-pubertal children, clinical services should ensure that they can be seen as early as possible by a clinical professional with relevant experience.

4.13.4 As such, when supporting a gender questioning child, schools should take a cautious approach and consider the broad range of their individual needs, in partnership with the child's parents (other than in the exceptionally rare circumstances where involving parents would constitute a significant risk of harm to the child), including any clinical advice that is available and how to address wider vulnerabilities such as the risk of bullying. Schools should refer to our Guidance for Schools and Colleges in relation to Gender Questioning Children, when deciding how to proceed.

4.13.5 Risks can be compounded where children who are LGBT lack a trusted adult with whom they can be open. It is therefore vital that staff endeavour to reduce the additional barriers faced and provide a safe space for them to speak out or share their concerns with members of staff.

4.13.6 LGBT inclusion is part of the statutory Relationships Education, Relationship and Sex Education and Health Education curriculum and there is a range of support available to help schools counter homophobic, biphobic and transphobic bullying and abuse.

5 Responding to signs of abuse

5.1 If a member of staff, parent or member of the public is concerned about a child's welfare, they should report it to the designated safeguarding lead as soon as possible. On occasions when the designated safeguarding lead is not available, it should be reported to the deputy safeguarding lead without delay. Although any member of staff can make a referral to Children's Services where possible there should be a conversation with the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

5.2 If anyone other than the Designated Safeguarding Lead makes a referral to Children's Services or to the police, they should inform the DSL as soon as possible.

5.3 All staff will be alert to indicators of abuse and will report any of the following to the Designated Safeguarding Lead immediately;

- Any concern or suspicion that a child has sustained an injury outside what is reasonably attributable to normal play;
- Any concerning behaviours exhibited by children that may indicate that they have been harmed or are at risk of harm, including unusual changes in mood or behaviour, concerning use of language and/or concerning drawings or stories.
- Any significant changes in attendance or punctuality;
- Any significant changes in a child's presentation;
- Any concerns relating to people who may pose a risk of harm to a child; and/or
- Any disclosures/allegations of abuse that children have shared.

5.4 There will be occasions where a child discloses/alleges abuse directly to a member of staff. If this happens, the member of staff will;

- listen carefully to the child and believe what they are saying;
- not promise confidentiality, as information may need to be passed on so the child and family can receive additional support;
- only ask for clarification if something is unclear and will not ask 'leading' questions;
- report disclosure to the designated safeguarding lead as soon as possible, certainly by the end of the day;
- only discuss the issue with colleagues that need to know about it; and
- will write up the disclosure and pass it to the designated safeguarding lead. It is likely they will have had a discussion with the DSL prior to this but delay should be avoided.

5.5 The designated safeguarding lead will make a decision about the action that needs to be taken following a member of staff raising a concern about a child, or following a direct disclosure recording a clear rationale. The DSL may consider the following options;

- Managing support for the child internally within school;
- Seek advice from the social worker advice line in the MASH;
- Instigate single agency intervention and work directly with the family to improve the situation;
- Offer an Early Help Assessment to provide multi-agency help to a family;
- In cases where children are deemed to be at significant risk of harm, the DSL will refer cases to the MASH for consideration for statutory intervention. Parental consent will be obtained wherever possible before referring cases to the MASH. However, if **Keresley Grange** is worried that telling parents will mean the child is at greater risk of harm, we may do this without informing them.
- If parents do not consent to a referral but Keresley Grange believes that a child is at significant risk of harm, a referral will still be made to Children's Services.

5.6 For further information about the Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership's 'Right Help, Right Time' guidance, which is used by **Keresley Grange** to make decisions about protecting children, please visit <http://www.coventry.gov.uk/righthelprighttime>.

5.7 See page 24 for flowchart of actions that will be taken where there are concerns about a child (taken from Keeping Children Safe in Education, **September 2025**).

5.8 In cases where members of staff become aware that Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) has been carried out on a female below the age of 18, they have a mandatory duty to report this to the police without delay and will do so. Staff should refer this to the DSL first, but the legislation requires regulated health and Children's Service professionals and teachers in England and Wales to make a report to the police where, in the course of their professional duties, they either;

- are informed by a girl under 18 that an act of FGM has been carried out on her; or
- observe physical signs which appear to show that an act of FGM has been carried out on a girl under 18 and they have no reason to believe that the act was necessary for the girl's physical or mental health or for purposes connected with labour or birth.

If you believe a child is at risk of FGM, a referral to the MASH is also required.

5.9 **Keresley Grange** have a duty to refer any children who are living in a private fostering arrangement to the local authority. Private fostering is when a child under the age of 16 (or under 18 if disabled) is cared for by someone who is not their parent or a close relative. This is a private arrangement made between a parent and a carer, expected to last 28 days or more, or Keresley Grange are aware the 28 days has been exceeded.

5.10 All schools are subject to a duty under section 26 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 in the exercise of their functions to have "due regard" to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism. See Appendix B for further information on **Keresley Grange's** Prevent duty.

5.11 If any member of staff is unsure about signs of abuse or neglect, they should speak to the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

5.12 Child on Child Abuse

5.12.1 **Keresley Grange** understands that both adults and other children can perpetrate abuse, and can happen inside and outside of school, online or face to face. Child on Child abuse is taken very seriously and can include bullying (including cyber-bullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying), abuse in intimate personal relationships between children, physical abuse, sharing of consensual or non-consensual images or videos, causing someone to engage in sexual activity without consent, sexual violence and/or harassment, upskirting, and

initiation/hazing ceremonies. Keresley Grange recognise that safeguarding issues can manifest as child-on-child abuse and staff are alert to the possibility of child-on-child abuse.

5.12.2 All members of staff will be made aware of Keresley Grange's policy and procedures with regards to child-on-child abuse. **Keresley Grange will ensure staff understand what is meant by child-on-child abuse and Keresley Grange policy on child-on-child abuse by regularly reviewing**

At Keresley Grange...

- Staff work to prevent child on child abuse by ensuring that children have confidence in themselves to be able to speak out and to know what is acceptable or not.
- All staff are vigilant and understand that abuse can happen anywhere at any time and can be done quietly or subtly.
- Staff regularly gain pupil voice, both formally and informally, to understand children's perceptions about school and behaviour and where there may be possible opportunities for child-on-child abuse to occur.
- Staff working and professional relationships with children are integral to understanding how children stay safe.
- The Pastoral and Senior Leadership Team monitor behaviour and safeguarding arrangements and practices throughout school, acting on pupil voice and addressing any potential opportunities for abuse to occur.
- Regular informal and formal training for staff occur to keep up to date with local potential risks and concerns.

5.12.3 Although it is recognised that if there are no reported cases, such abuse may still be taking place. If an allegation of child-on-child abuse is made, **Keresley Grange** will investigate this by a member of the Pastoral Team speaking to the children and families concerned and implementing appropriate actions for support as necessary and in line with the Behaviour and Relationships Policy.

5.12.4 In the event that an allegation of child-on-child abuse is made, victims, alleged perpetrators and any other children affected will be supported as appropriate by the Pastoral Team and Senior Leadership Team and referral to the MASH will be considered. Families will always be spoken to about the situation and external support gained where necessary.

5.12.5 **Keresley Grange** will never pass off child on child abuse as 'banter', 'having a laugh. 'part of growing up' or other such termination that does not recognise the harm caused. This should be a Zero-tolerance approach as this could lead to a culture of unacceptable behaviours. It is recognised with this, that all child-on-child abuse is unacceptable and will be taken seriously.

5.12.6 Keresley Grange will adhere to guidance set out in Keeping Children Safe in Education (2025) when responding to incidents of child-on-child abuse.

5.12.7 All staff will be made aware that 'upskirting' is a criminal offence.

5.13 Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) and Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)

5.13.1 Both CCE and CSE are forms of abuse that occur when an individual or group take advantage of an imbalance in power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child into taking part in sexual or criminal activity, in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or for the financial advantage or increased status of the perpetrator through violence or threat of violence. CCE and CSE can affect both males and females and can include children that have been moved for the purpose of exploitation (trafficking).

5.13.2 CCE can include children being forced or manipulated into transporting drugs or money through county lines, working in cannabis factories, shoplifting or pickpocketing, vehicle crime, threatening violence on others or even carrying weapons.

5.13.3 Keresley Grange is responsible for recognising children involved in CCE are victims of exploitation and should be recognised as such due to the the harm they have experienced even if they appear to have consented to the criminal activity.

5.13.4 CSE is a form of child sexual abuse including physical contact and non-contact online activities including the internet or by phone. This can happen over time or as a one off and may happen without the child recognising this as abuse or harmful.

5.13.5 Keresley Grange recognises that children of the age of 16 and 17 who can legally consent to a sexual relationship may also be the victims of CSE but may not recognise this.

5.13.6 Keresley Grange understands children can be at risk of, or involved in, serious violent crime. This can result in an increase absence from school or college, a change in friendships, decline in educational attainment, significant change in wellbeing, or signs of unexplained injuries.

5.14 Sharing of consensual or non-consensual nude and semi-nude images or videos

5.14.1 "Sharing of consensual or non-consensual nude and semi-nude images or videos" refers to any sharing of youth-produced sexual imagery between children. This includes;

- A person under the age of 18 creating and sharing sexual imagery of themselves with a peer under the age of 18;
- A person under the age of 18 sharing sexual imagery created by another person under the age of 18 with a peer under the age of 18 or an adult;
- A person under the age of 18 being in possession of sexual imagery created by another person under the age of 18.

5.14.2 Keresley Grange has a responsibility to educate children in the risks relating to 'sharing consensual or non-consensual nude images or videos' (includes pseudo-images that are computer or AI generated images that otherwise appear to be a photograph or video) and how to keep themselves safe online.

5.14.3 Any incidents or suspected incidents of 'sharing consensual or non-consensual nude images or videos' should be reported to the DSL without delay.

5.14.4 Once reported to the DSL, the DSL will decide on the appropriate course of action. This could include;

- Referrals to the MASH in regards to all parties involved (also the police if an urgent response required);
- Confiscation of mobile phones in line with guidance 'Searching, Screening and Confiscation, (January 2018);
- Support for young people involved to prevent reoccurrence;
- Sanctions in accordance with the behaviour policy;

5.14.5 Any incidents of 'sharing consensual or non-consensual nude images or videos' (includes pseudo-images that are computer or AI generated images that otherwise appear to be a photograph or video) involving the following will result in a MASH and sometimes a Police referral;

- Adult involvement;
- Coercion or blackmail;
- Children under the age of 13;
- Extreme, or violent content;
- Immediate risk of harm.

5.14.6 Staff will not view images or videos on pupil devices. Confiscated devices will be stored securely and passed to the relevant agencies.

5.14.7 We will work with parents as necessary if their child is involved in the sharing of consensual or non-consensual nude images or videos (includes pseudo-images that are computer or AI generated images that otherwise appear to be a photograph or video).

5.14.8 We operate a culture of safeguarding and young people should feel confident to disclose if they have sent an inappropriate image of themselves. Children will always be supported to retrieve and delete the images.

5.15 Domestic Abuse

5.15.1 Domestic abuse can be a single incident or a pattern of incidents. It can also include psychological, physical, sexual, financial or emotional acts of abuse.

5.15.2 Keresley Grange recognises that children can be a victim of Domestic Abuse by seeing, hearing or experiencing the effects or suffering domestic abuse in their own personal relationships. These all have a detrimental impact on childrens health, well-being, development and ability to learn. Keresley Grange are part of Operation Encompass and will receive notification of any police involvement in Domestic Violence incidents.

5.16 Searching, Screening and Confiscation

5.16.1 Where necessary, searching, screening and confiscation will be used to safeguard a child/children in **Keresley Grange**.

5.16.2 Keresley Grange adheres to 'Searching, Screening and Confiscation: Advice for Schools (January 2018).

5.16.3 Please see searching, screening and confiscation section of Behaviour and Relationships Policy.

5.17 Online Safety

5.17.1 Keresley Grange recognises that in today's world, children need to be safeguarded from potentially harmful and inappropriate online material with many children having unlimited and unrestricted access to the internet via their mobile phone. The breadth of issues can be categorised currently into four areas of risk as taken from **Keeping Children Safe In Education 2025**:

- Content – being exposed to illegal, inappropriate, or harmful content (pornography, fake news, racism, misogyny, self-harm, suicide, anti-Semitism, radicalisation, extremism, **misinformation, disinformation (including fake news) and conspiracy theories.**)
- Contact – being subject to harmful online interaction with other users (peer to peer pressure, commercial advertising and adults posing as children or young adults with the intention to groom or exploit)
- Conduct – online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm (making, sending and receiving explicit images)
- Commerce – risks such as online gambling, inappropriate advertising, phishing and or financial scams

5.17.2 Keresley Grange understand that the above can take place on a students phone or smart device (including smart watches, **smart glasses and 'air tags'**) whilst at school/college or elsewhere. Keresley Grange have responded to this by having a whole school approach to online safety which aims to protect and educate students, parents and staff in their use of technology. **The school does not allow children to have phones during the school day (see Mobile Phone policy and Safer Use policy). Online safety is taught throughout the cyclical PSHE curriculum as well as through the Computing curriculum. Regular reminders and practical application sessions are carried out through the school year, with external support as necessary, including the PCSOs.**

5.17.3 Keresley Grange has also established mechanisms to identify, intervene in and escalate any concerns highlighted through our filter and monitoring systems for both staff and students. The effectiveness of this is regularly reviewed with staff aware of how to escalate concerns.

5.17.4 Filtering is provided by Smoothwall and prevents access to websites that relate to:-

Abuse, Adult Content (including but not limited to gambling, pornography, violence), Bullying, Criminal Activity, Radicalisation, Substance Abuse and Suicide.

5.17.5 Monitoring is provided by Warwickshire County Councils Digital Safeguarding E-Safety Monitoring service who monitor all school IT systems for any online communications, written text in any applications, whether typed or appearing on screen. This also applies to AI products (see also The Future's Trust Artificial Intelligence Policy). This service includes:

- Real-time monitoring by a dedicated team
- Categorisation of all screen captures or concerns
- Password protected email to Business Operations Coordinator to send to DSL or DDSL for non-urgent concerns
- Additional phone call to a DSL or DDSL for urgent concerns

Monitoring includes the following areas:

Acronyms and general slang

Drugs and addiction

Mild swear words and profanities

Network security and piracy

Pornographic content

Predators and strangers

Prevent

Racism and violence

Sex words and slang

Sexual health and biology

Strong swear words and profanities

Suicide and health

Any monitoring incident is treated as a safeguarding incident and a log made on CPOMs. See Appendix A for links to related policies including ICT Acceptable Use Policy and E-Safety Policy.

5.18 Serious Violence

5.18.1 The school understands children can be at risk of, or involved in, serious violent crime. This can be associated with an increase in absence from school or college, a change in friendships or relationships with older individuals or groups, a decline in educational attainment, a significant change in wellbeing, or signs of assault or unexplained injuries. Unexplained gifts or new possessions could also indicate that children have been approached by, or are involved with, individuals associated with criminal networks or gangs and may be at risk of criminal exploitation.

For further information see p 32 of Annex to Keeping Children Safe in Education (2025)

5.19 Extra-Familial Harm

5.19.1 Keresley Grange School recognises that safeguarding incidents can be associated with factors outside the school and may take place outside of school. We also recognise that safeguarding incidents or behaviours can occur between children outside of school. We will always consider contextual safeguarding factors when responding to safeguarding incidents.

5.19.2 All staff will be made aware that safeguarding incidents and/or behaviours can be associated with factors outside Keresley Grange School and/or can occur between children outside these environments.

5.20 Raising concerns with Social Care

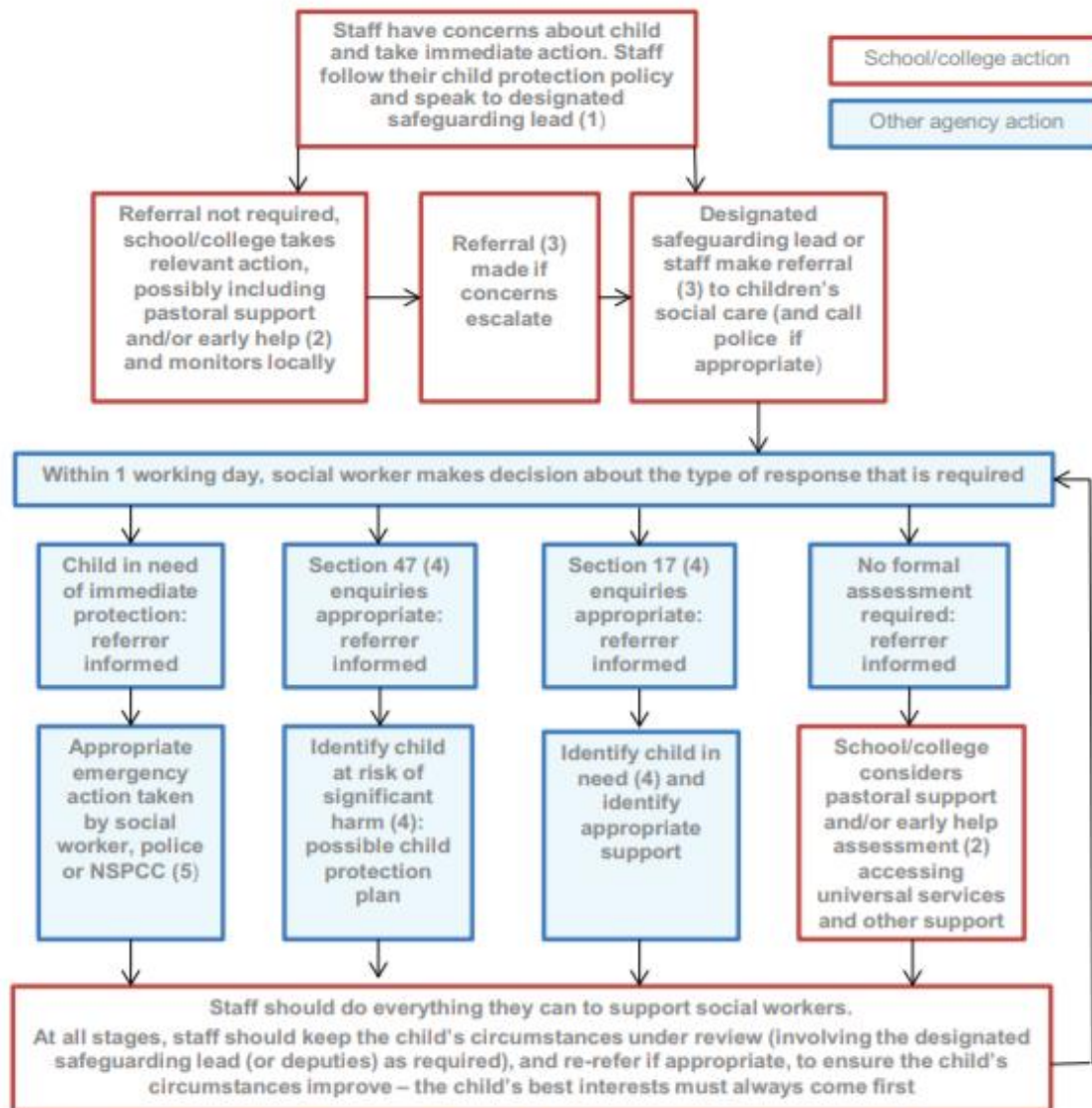
5.20.1 To raise concerns about children, members of staff should contact the Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) by telephone to discuss the referral. They should then complete the online Multi-Agency Referral Form (MARF) and submit this to the MASH. Keresley Grange will follow up referrals if we do not receive feedback from Children's Services to ascertain the outcome of all referrals. **Note that some children who attend Keresley Grange live in Warwickshire so the relevant MASH team must be contacted.**

Coventry MASH Telephone number: 02476 788 555 MASH email: mash@coventry.gov.uk MASH online referral form: http://www.coventry.gov.uk/safeguardingchildren Out of hours Emergency Duty Team: 02476 832 222 Prevent/Channel Referrals: Refer to MASH (mash@coventry.gov.uk) and to CTU_GATEWAY@west-midlands.pnn.police.uk
Warwickshire MASH (Family Connect) Telephone number: 01926 414144 MASH (Family Connect) email: triagehub@warwickshire.gov.uk Family Connect referral form found at: https://www.warwickshire.gov.uk/childrens-social-care/child-safeguarding-procedures-professionals/3 Out of hours Emergency Duty Team: 01926 886922 Prevent/Channel Referrals: https://www.safeguardingwarwickshire.co.uk/safeguarding-children/i-work-with-children-and-young-people/prevent

5.20.2 If a child's situation does not appear to be improving following a referral, Keresley Grange may re-refer the child. We will also consider using the [Coventry Safeguarding Children](#)

[Partnership’s Managing Professional Disagreements policy](#) to ensure that our concerns have been addressed and that the situation improves for the child.

Actions where there are concerns about a child



(1) In cases which also involve a concern or an allegation of abuse against a staff member, see Part four of this guidance.

(2) Early help means providing support as soon as a problem emerges at any point in a child's life. Where a child would benefit from co-ordinated early help, an early help inter-agency assessment should be arranged. Chapter one of [Working Together to Safeguard Children](#) provides detailed guidance on the early help process.

(3) Referrals should follow the process set out in the local threshold document and local protocol for assessment. Chapter one of [Working Together to Safeguard Children](#).

(4) Under the Children Act 1989, local authorities are required to provide services for children in need for the purposes of safeguarding and promoting their welfare. Children in need may be assessed under section 17 of the Children Act 1989. Under section 47 of the Children Act 1989, where a local authority has reasonable cause to suspect that a child is suffering or likely to suffer significant harm, it has a duty to make enquiries to decide whether to take action to safeguard or promote the child's welfare. Full details are in Chapter one of [Working Together to Safeguard Children](#).

(5) This could include applying for an Emergency Protection Order (EPO).

6 Record-keeping

6.1 All concerns, discussions and decision made will be recorded in writing and kept confidential and stored securely. **Records will be clear, comprehensive, actioned and outcome noted.**

6.2 A written record of all safeguarding and/or child protection concerns, discussions and decisions made will be kept in individual children's files. This will be separate from the main school file and will only be accessed by the relevant safeguarding staff.

6.3 **Keresley Grange** keeps all safeguarding files electronically, using a system called Child Protection Online Management System (CPOMS)

6.4 Staff will submit all concerns in writing to the DSL at the earliest opportunity. This may be after having a verbal conversation, but conversations will also be followed up in writing. For staff who do not have convenient, direct access to CPOMS, an incident form will be filled out and handed to a DSL who will upload onto CPOMS.

6.5 In the event that a child moves school, the safeguarding file will be transferred to the new setting securely and separately from the main school file in a timely manner (within 5 days for in-year transfers). Once received by the new school, this school will not retain the information.

6.6 Keresley Grange will seek to hold at least two emergency contacts for every child.

6.7 All data processed by **Keresley Grange** is done so in line with the General Data Protection Guidelines and the Data Protection Act (2018) and **Information Sharing (2024). DPA and UK GDPR do not prevent the sharing of information for the purposes of keeping children safe and promoting their welfare.** Please see TFT Data Protection Policy for additional information;

6.8 Further information regarding information sharing and data processing in relation to safeguarding can be found in Part One of Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**).

7 Confidentiality

7.1 Safeguarding information should be treated as confidential and only shared as part of the agreed school and Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership protocols.

7.2 All staff/volunteers in school have a responsibility to share relevant information about the protection of children with other professionals.

7.3 Staff / volunteers who receive information about children and their families in the course of their work shall only share that information within appropriate contexts.

8 Communication with parents / Carers

8.1 Parents and carers will be made aware of the school policy through published information and in initial meetings with parent and carers of new children. Parents and carers will be informed that in certain circumstances there may be a need to contact other agencies without first notifying

them. This decision will be made in partnership between Education Services and Children's Services. It will be made clear that this is a legal obligation and not a personal decision. Consent to share information will be sought unless doing so may place someone at greater risk of harm.

9 Photography and Images

9.1 Consent from parents to photograph children at school events for promotional reasons will be sought when the child joins **Keresley Grange**. This will be updated annually.

9.2 Parents can withdraw consent at any time and must notify **Keresley Grange** if they do not wish their child's photographs to be used.

9.3 Photographs of children used publicly will not be displayed with their name or other identifiable personal information unless permission is given by parents/carers to do so.

9.4 Photographs of children will be processed in line with the General Data Protection Regulation.

10 Early Help Assessment

10.1 **Keresley Grange** is committed to supporting families as soon as a possible problem arises. It is more effective to support a family through early help than reacting to a problem later. Everyone who comes into contact with children and their families and carers have a role to play in safeguarding children. **Keresley Grange** is committed to working closely with its neighbouring family hub to work with families in the community to improve outcomes for children. **(Pathways Family Hub - Radford Primary School, Lawrence Saunders Road, Radford, Coventry CV6 1HD. Telephone 024 7697 8130. E-mail: PathwaysFamilyHub@coventry.gov.uk)**

10.2 Any child may benefit from early help, but as guided by KCSIE (2024) all school and college staff will be particularly alert to the potential need for early help for a child who:

- is disabled or has certain health conditions and has specific additional needs
- has special educational needs (whether or not they have a statutory Education, Health and Care plan)
- has a mental health need
- is a young carer
- is showing signs of being drawn in to anti-social or criminal behaviour, including gang involvement and association with organised crime groups or county lines
- is frequently missing/goes missing from education, home or care

- has experienced multiple suspensions, is at risk of being permanently excluded from schools, colleges and in Alternative Provision or a Pupil Referral Unit.
- is at risk of modern slavery, trafficking, sexual and/or criminal exploitation
- is at risk of being radicalised or exploited • has a parent or carer in custody, or is affected by parental offending
- is in a family circumstance presenting challenges for the child, such as drug and alcohol misuse, adult mental health issues and domestic abuse

10.3 **Keresley Grange** works within the Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership's [effective-support-for-children-and-young-people](#) framework, available on the CSCP website.

11 Staff training

11.1 In order for staff to be able to understand and discharge their safeguarding and child protection duties, **Keresley Grange** has committed to training staff throughout the academic year. All staff members will be made aware of **Keresley Grange's** safeguarding processes and structures and will receive training on these as part of their induction. As part of this training and their annual refresher, they will also receive;

- Keeping Children Safe in Education – Statutory Guidance for Schools & Colleges
- Guidance for Safer Working Practices for those working with children & young people in education settings
- School Child Protection & Safeguarding Policy and School Attendance Policy (if not included in Child Protection & Safeguarding Policy)
- School Behaviour/Relationship Policy
- School Educational Visits Policy (pupil facing colleagues)
- TFT Code of Conduct
- TFT Whistleblowing Policy
- TFT Dealing with Allegations Policy
- TFT Visitor Management Policy
- TFT Volunteer Policy
- TFT Reference Policy
- TFT Safer Recruitment Policy
- TFT Suitability Policy
- TFT ICT Acceptable Use Policy
- TFT Information Security Policy
- TFT Data Protection Policy
- TFT Artificial Intelligence Policy (all colleagues to read in 2025 as new policy)

11.2 Staff at **Keresley Grange** will receive the following training throughout the year (including but not exclusively):

- Weekly update briefings
- THRIVE training
- Safeguarding courses run by Local Authority or other appropriate agencies (eg Brook)
- Smartlog training annually
- NSPCC online training
- National Prevent training (bi-annually)
- Refresher safeguarding update training
- Manual / safer handling training

11.3 **Keresley Grange** recognise that children may engage in risky behaviours that may put them at additional risk of danger. These can include drug taking, alcohol abuse, truancy and the sharing of consensual or non-consensual nude images or videos. Staff will also be trained in these areas in order to be able to further recognise if a child is at risk of harm.

11.4 All staff are aware that children may not feel ready or know how to tell someone that they are being abused, exploited, or neglected, and/or they may not recognise their experiences as harmful. For example, children may feel embarrassed, humiliated, or being threatened. This could be due to their vulnerability, disability and/or sexual orientation or language barriers. This should not prevent staff from having a professional curiosity and speaking to the DSL if they have concerns about a child. It is also important that staff determine how best to build trusted relationships with children and young people which facilitate communication.

12 Safer Recruitment

12.1 **Keresley Grange** is committed to providing children with a safe environment, in which they can learn. We take safer recruitment seriously and all staff are subject to the following checks;

- Identity check
- Enhanced DBS clearance
- Prohibition from teaching check (where required)
- Children's Barred List check
- Section 128 checks (as required - leadership and management)
- Reference checks (a minimum of two satisfactory references required)
- Professional qualifications check
- Right to Work in the UK check
- Overseas Good Conduct Check for those who have lived outside the UK (where qualifying timescales are met)

- Disqualification Under the Childcare Act 2006 checks (as required)
- Verification of the candidate's mental and physical fitness to work
- Social media check

12.2 A record of all checks completed for members of staff will be recorded on the Single Central Record.

12.3 All new members of staff will be required to obtain DBS clearance. **Keresley Grange** reserves the right to re-check DBS clearance for any member of staff where information is received that indicates they may pose a risk to children and may request candidates to register on the DBS update service.

12.4 At least one member of every interview panel will have undertaken Safer Recruitment training which it is recommended is refreshed every 2 years.

12.5 We take proportionate decisions on whether to check individuals above and beyond what is legally required dependant on individual circumstance.

12.6 Any visitor to Keresley Grange who has not been subject to the necessary checks will be supervised at all times and a risk assessment completed.

12.7 All safer recruitment practices at **Keresley Grange** comply with Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**). See Part 3 of Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**) for further information. See TFT Safer Recruitment Policy for more information.

13 Allegations of abuse against staff

13.1 **Keresley Grange** takes all safeguarding matters including low level concerns and/or allegations that harm to a child has occurred against staff (including agency, volunteers and contractors) seriously and will manage them in line with this policy, Part Four of Keeping Children Safe in Education (**September 2025**) and the CSCP Guidance, '[Allegations Against Staff and Volunteers](#)'.

13.2 Allegations or concerns may include

- Staff having behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child;
- Staff possibly committing a criminal offence against or related to a child;
- Staff behaving towards a child or children in a way that indicates that he or she may pose a risk of harm to children; or
- Staff behaving or possibly behaving in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children (including behaviour outside of work). This is known as 'Transferable risk'.

13.3 If a concern or allegation of abuse arises against the Headteacher, or should there be a conflict of interest to the Headteacher, it must be immediately reported to the Chair of Governors
Jane Conlon

13.4 If a concern or allegation of abuse arises against any member of staff, supply teacher, volunteer or contractor other than the Headteacher, it must be reported to the Headteacher without delay.

13.5 Concerns or allegations of abuse against staff must be reported to the Headteacher or Chair of Governors as appropriate and not discussed directly with the person involved.

13.6 The Headteacher or Chair of Governors should consider if the concern or allegation meets the harms threshold as outlined in Working Together to Safeguard Children (2023) guidance indicating that a person in a Position of Trust has:

- behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child
- possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child
- behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates they may pose a risk of harm to children
- behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children

13.7 If they feel the criteria is met then they should refer in to Coventry LADO using the online referral form on:

[https://myaccount.coventry.gov.uk/service/Allegations against people who work in positions of trust with children referral](https://myaccount.coventry.gov.uk/service/Allegations%20against%20people%20who%20work%20in%20positions%20of%20trust%20with%20children%20referral)

The Headteacher or Chair of Governors can also seek guidance/advice if unsure by emailing lado@coventry.gov.uk.

13.8 'Low-level' concern does not mean it is not significant. This is a term used for any concern (no matter how small) that an adult working with a child may have breached the staff Code of Conduct and does not meet the harm threshold. Examples of which may include:

- Being overly friendly with children
 - Having favourites
 - Taking photographs of children on their mobile phone
 - Engaging with a child on a one-to-one basis in a secluded area or behind a closed door.
- Or;
- Humiliating pupils.

The details of the LADO can be found at the front of this policy.

13.9 Concerns relating to a position of trust issue will be referred to the Local Authority designated officer within 24 hours. In accordance with *Keeping Children Safe in Education 2025*, Keresley Grange will make every effort to maintain confidentiality and guard against unwanted publicity while an allegation is being investigated or considered.

13.10 If a child has suffered or may have suffered abuse or harm, a MASH referral will also be made.

13.11 In the instances where an allegation is dealt with internally, the Local Authority designated officer will provide information and support to **Keresley Grange** in managing the allegation.

13.12 A referral to the Disclosure and Barring Service will be made if a member of staff is dismissed or removed from their post as a result of safeguarding concerns, irrespective of whether they have resigned.

13.13 Supply Teachers and all contracted staff

13.13.1 Although Keresley Grange does not directly employ supply teachers and contractors, Keresley Grange will ensure that any concerns or allegations are referred to LADO and the relevant agency informed as the employer.

13.13.2 Keresley Grange will never cease to use a supply teacher for safeguarding reasons without liaising with the Local Authority Designated Officer and reaching an agreed outcome.

13.13.3 the Local Governing Committee will liaise with the supply agency to determine whether to suspend or redeploy the supply teacher whilst they carry out their investigation.

13.13.4 Keresley Grange will inform supply agencies of its process for managing allegations, including inviting the agency's human resource manager (or equivalent) to meetings and regularly updating agencies on relevant school policies. Keresley Grange will usually take the lead because agencies do not have direct contact with children or staff, so will not be able to gather information.

13.14. Governors

13.14.1 If an allegation or concern is about a Governor, Keresley Grange will follow local procedures.

13.15. Volunteers

13.15.1 Risk assessments and a DBS check will be requested for all volunteers. Under no circumstances will a volunteer prior to satisfactory checks being completed be alone with children unsupervised or allowed to work in regulated activity.

13.16. Whistleblowing

13.16.1 **Keresley Grange** operates a culture of safeguarding and all staff should report any concerns about poor or unsafe practice, or **Keresley Grange's** safeguarding processes to the senior leadership team.

13.16.2 Appropriate whistleblowing procedures are in place whereby the senior leadership team will take all concerns seriously.

13.16.3 In the event that a member of staff is unable to raise an issue with senior leadership in school, they should refer to Part 1 of Keeping Children Safe in Education for additional guidance on whistleblowing procedures.

13.16.14 Parents, students or other stake holders should not hesitate to raise a concern with the school's safeguarding lead or the Head Teacher should they have concerns about the safeguarding practice or procedures of the school. There is also a complaints procedure available on the school website. Concerns will be taken seriously and appropriate responses made to ensure the highest standards of safeguarding are in place.

13.17. Complaints Procedure

13.17.1 Keresley Grange operates a complaint procedure which will be followed where a pupil or parent raises a concern about poor practice towards a pupil that initially does not reach the threshold for child protection action. Poor practice examples include unfairly singling out a pupil or attempting to humiliate them, bullying or belittling a pupil or discriminating against them in some way. Complaints are managed by the headteacher, other members of the senior leadership team and governors. See TFT Complaints policy.

13.17.2 Complaints from staff are dealt with under Keresley Grange's complaints and disciplinary and grievance procedures. (Also refer to Low level concerns)

13.17.3 Complaints which escalate into a child protection concern will automatically be managed under Keresley Grange's child protection procedures.

14 Promoting safeguarding and welfare in the curriculum

14.1 **Keresley Grange** recognises the importance of teaching children how to stay safe and look after their mental health and are committed to equipping children with the skills and knowledge to have successful and happy lives.

14.2 Keresley Grange will teach children about safeguarding, including online safety

14.3 Schools and colleges play a crucial role in preventative education. Preventative education is most effective in the context of a whole-school or college approach that prepares pupils and students for life in modern Britain and creates a culture of zero tolerance for sexism,

misogyny/misandry, homophobia, biphobic and sexual violence/harassment. Keresley Grange/college will have a clear set of values and standards, upheld and demonstrated throughout all aspects of school/college life. These will be underpinned by Keresley Grange/college's behaviour policy and pastoral support system, as well as by a planned programme of evidence based RSHE delivered in regularly timetabled lessons and reinforced throughout the whole curriculum (RSHE)

14.4 Children at **Keresley Grange** will receive the following as part of our promotion of safeguarding across the curriculum – theme days, My Happy Mind special assemblies, visits from external agencies in assemblies or curriculum sessions.

14.5 Education at home and remote education

If children are working at home for any agreed length of time (eg because of a medical condition or staged reintegration timetable), the school will still be responsible for the safeguarding of children and ensure regular visits / contact from school to ensure that appropriate checks in line with KCSiE are carried out.

15 Children Looked After

15.1 The most common reason for children to be looked-after is because they have experienced abuse and/or neglect. **Keresley Grange** recognises that children looked after may have additional vulnerabilities by virtue of this. The Designated Lead for Looked-After and Previously Looked-After Children is the Headteacher.

15.2 Staff will receive training on how to best safeguard children who are Looked-After and who have been Previously Looked-After.

15.3 Keresley Grange will work with Personal Advisors when children leave care (where applicable).

15.4 **Keresley Grange** is committed to working with other agencies to ensure the best outcomes for Looked-After and Previously Looked-After children.

16 Children with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) or physical health needs

16.1 As outlined in **Keeping Children Safe in Education (2025)**, **Keresley Grange** is aware that children with additional needs or disabilities may be more vulnerable to abuse both online and offline and additional barriers may exist when recognising abuse and neglect. This could be because;

- assumptions that indicators of possible abuse such as behaviour, mood and injury relate to the child's disability without further exploration;

- being more prone to peer group isolation or bullying (including prejudice-based bullying) than other children;
- the potential for children with SEN and disabilities or certain medical conditions being disproportionately impacted by behaviours such as bullying, without outwardly showing any signs; and
- communication barriers and difficulties in overcoming these barriers.
- Being unable to understand the difference between fact and fiction in online content

16.2 Any reports of abuse involving children with SEND will therefore require close liaison with the designated safeguarding lead and SENCO. Staff will also be trained in recognising signs of abuse in children with SEN and disabilities or certain medical conditions.

16.3 Staff will take into account the needs of a child when responding to concerns of abuse or when taking a disclosure. We recognise that some children require specialist intervention to communicate and advice from the SENCO will be sought in these circumstances.

16.4 Safeguarding learning opportunities within the curriculum will be appropriately differentiated to ensure all children can access it.

17 Use of reasonable force

17.1 There may be occasions when staff are required to use reasonable force to safeguard children. We will not use any more force than is proportionate and necessary.

Positive Handling strategies are used as a last resort to safeguard the child and/or other members of the community. The focus is always on de-escalation strategies first. Any positive handling is recorded on CPOMS and reported to the Local Governing Committee.

18 Work Experience/ Alternative Provision

18.1 Keresley Grange will continue to be responsible for the safeguarding of Students placed with an alternative provision provider or work experience and will be satisfied that this provider meets the needs of the pupil. Written confirmation from the provider that appropriate safeguarding checks have been carried out will be sought on individuals working at the establishment, i.e. those checks that Keresley Grange would otherwise perform in respect of its own staff.

18.2 The DSL will continue to have oversight of all pupils accessing any part of their learning from an alternative provider or delivery online or offsite provided by any organisation or individual not employed by Keresley Grange. The DSL will ensure that robust arrangements are in place for timely and effective information sharing of safeguarding information between Keresley Grange and alternative/external providers.

18.3 The DSL will also take responsibility for ensuring that robust procedures are in place to confirm attendance and to enable the swift reporting of non-attendance and children going missing from alternative/ external providers at any time when they should be with that provider.

19 Children staying with host families (see Annex [D](#) KCSIE)

20 Boarding schools and residential settings

21 Safeguarding in the Early Years

21.1 Keresley Grange is committed to safeguarding within the Early Years (Reception) in line with procedures in the rest of the school. All procedures listed above apply to the Early Years for all staff and children.

21.2 It is understood that there are additional vulnerabilities for children in Early Years and so the following are in place:

- All members of staff working in Early Years are Paediatric First Aid trained
- Reception children eat in the hall with no other year group and there is at least one member of staff who is Paediatric First Aid trained supervising the children
- Robust transition arrangements are in place, including the use of home visits prior to entry into Reception at Keresley Grange
- All dietary requirements, including tolerances, are discussed with parents / carers prior to the children starting at school. Parents of any children with food intolerances or allergies must fill out dietary forms with the school catering company (Taylor Shaw) who will provide a personalised menu for that child which facilitates their needs. Throughout the Reception year, Reception staff remain in close contact with parents so that school is aware if their child's needs change. The child's class teacher will ensure that the child's allergy or intolerance needs are met at all times (eg snack). For any children with severe allergies, an individual care plan will be created and staff trained accordingly.
- The focus will always be on supporting children to use the toilet independently and staff will structure the support for all children to do so. Where children need support with toileting, this will be carried out with two adults present and in a discrete and private space (near the toilets).

22 Use of school premises for non-school activities

22.1 The School may hire or rent out school or college facilities/premises to organisations or individuals. Safeguarding is still considered with this and the school will seek assurance that the provider has appropriate safeguarding and child protection policies and procedures in place including liaising directly with the school on these matters were appropriate. This applies

whether the children in attendance are on the school's roll or not. The governing body/proprietor will ensure safeguarding requirements are included in any transfer of control agreement and that failure to comply with this would result in termination of the agreement. [Keeping children safe in out-of-school settings](#) offers guidance on this. In the event of an incident, the school will follow its own policy including informing the LADO.

23 Summary

23.1 Keresley Grange is committed to safeguarding children and will always make safeguarding decisions that are in the best interests of each child. For further information or if you have any queries about this policy, please contact Keresley Grange.

Appendix A

Keresley Grange's safeguarding policy is intended to be used in conjunction with the following policies;

Keresley Grange School adheres to Coventry Safeguarding Children Partnership Policies (CSCP), which can be found here:

https://www.coventry.gov.uk/info/206/coventry_safeguarding_children_partnership/2495/coventry_safeguarding_children_partnership_policies_and_procedures

- Allegations Against Staff or Volunteers (CSCP)
- Anti – Bullying Policy
- Attendance Policy
- Relationships and Behaviour Policy
- Business Continuity Plan
- Children Missing Education or Persistently Absent Policy
- Complaints Policy
- Critical Incident Prevention Plan
- Data Protection Policy and Privacy Notice
- E-Safety Policy
- Educational Visits Policy
- Equalities Policy
- Futures Trust's Suitability Policy -Statement on the Recruitment of Ex-offenders
- Futures Trust Reference Policy (Providing and requesting)
- Health & Safety Policy
- ICT Acceptable Use Policy
- Managing Professional Disagreements (CSCP)
- First Aid & Medicine including Children/Young people with Medical Needs
- Relationships, Sex and Health Education Policy
- Safer Recruitment Policy
- Site Security Policy
- SEND Policy

- Staff Code of Conduct
- Statement of Procedures for Dealing with Allegations of Abuse against Teachers, Other Staff and Volunteers
- Visitor Management Policy
- Volunteer Policy
- Whistleblowing Policy

Appendix B – Further Safeguarding Information

Types of Abuse

As outlined in paragraph 4.4, Keresley Grange will take action if we believe a child is at risk of or is suffering from abuse. Abuse is not limited to physical, emotional, sexual abuse and neglect. For further information on the definitions of the types of abuse below, please refer to **Keeping Children Safe in Education (2025)**, Annex A.

See below for policy information relating to other key safeguarding issues. All decisions taken in responding to concerns of abuse will be taken in the best interests of the child.

Bullying, including cyber- or online-bullying

Keresley Grange takes all forms of bullying seriously and will respond sensitively and quickly to any reported bullying. Children should report any bullying to their form tutor, to the DSL or to any trusted member of staff and we will work to resolve it.

We also teach children about the dangers of bullying through our curriculum. See link to curriculum here:

Bullying can take many forms and we have several policies that cover different aspects of bullying. Please see the Anti-Bullying Policy, the Behaviour Policy and paragraph 5.8 of this policy for further information.

Child criminal exploitation (including involvement in county lines)

Domestic abuse – Operation Encompass notifications are sent to the school and support provided should it be needed for the child

Fabricated or induced illness

Faith-based abuse

Female genital mutilation (A form of so-called 'honour-based' abuse)

Forced marriage (A form of so-called 'honour-based abuse')

Gangs or youth violence

Gender-based violence

Hate

Homelessness

(So-called) 'Honour-based' abuse (For FGM and Forced Marriage, types of so-called 'honour-based' abuse, see above)

Radicalisation and Extremism – All staff have an obligation under the Prevent Duty to report any concerns. If there are concerns, the member of staff will alert member of the Pastoral Team and referrals to MASH and the Coventry Channel Panel will be made if required. Advice will always be sought from the Prevent Team in any potential radicalisation or extremism case

Relationship abuse

Serious Violence

Sexual violence or sexual harassment (including peer-on-peer abuse)

Sharing of consensual or non-consensual nude images and videos

Trafficking and modern slavery

Children absent from education, home or care

Keresley Grange will also take action to protect;

- Children persistently **absent from** education
- Children missing from home or care

Children Persistently **Absent from Education**

All children, regardless of their circumstances, are entitled to an efficient, full-time education which is suitable to their age, ability, aptitude and any special educational needs they may have.

A child going missing from education is a potential indicator of abuse and neglect, including sexual abuse or exploitation, child criminal exploitation, radicalisation or mental health problems. Staff will also be alert to signs of children at risk of travelling to conflict zones, female genital mutilation and forced marriage.

Effective information sharing between parents, schools and local authorities is critical to ensuring that all children of compulsory school age are safe and receiving suitable education.

Attendance, absence and exclusions are closely monitored, and the school purchase additional support from Coventry Attendance. All staff are informed as part of their induction about the procedure for reporting and taking action when children do not arrive for school and/or do not attend regularly. The DSL will monitor unauthorised absence and take appropriate action

including notifying the local authority, particularly where children go missing repeatedly and/or are missing for periods during the school day.

We follow the DfE legal requirements for schools in respect of recording and reporting of children who leave school without any known destination.

Where a pupil has 10 consecutive school days of unexplained absence without permission and all reasonable steps* have been taken by the school to establish their whereabouts without success, the school will make an immediate referral to:

For Coventry, [Coventry Children Missing from Education](#), or contact via telephone or email 024 7697 5434/cme@coventry.gov.uk

*Reasonable steps include:

- Telephone calls to all known contacts. Parents are asked to provide a minimum of two emergency contacts in the event of children not arriving at school without prior notification and also for other emergency purposes;
- Letters home (including recorded delivery);
- Contact with other schools where siblings may be registered;
- Home visits where safe to do so;
- Enquiries to friends, neighbours etc. through school contacts;
- Enquiries with any other service known to be involved with the pupil/family;
- Consideration of information about the child in social media;
- All contacts and outcomes will be recorded on the pupil's file.

The school is required by law to have an admission register and, with the exception of schools where all pupils are boarders, an attendance register. All pupils must be placed on both registers.

The school (including academies and independent schools) is required to inform the Local Authority when they are about to remove a pupil's name from the school admission register at non-standard transition points irrespective of the reason. The Local Authority may also require the school to provide information about pupils who are going to be removed from the register at standard transition points.

We will inform the local authority that we plan to take a child off roll when they leave school to be home educated; move away from the school's location; remain medically unfit beyond compulsory school age; are in custody for four months or more (and will not return to school afterwards); or are permanently excluded.

The school will also notify the local authority within five days of adding a pupil's name to the admission register at a non-standard transition point. The Local Authority may also require the school to provide information about pupils added to the register at a standard transition point.

It is essential for the school to comply with this duty so that the Local Authority can, as part of its duty to identify children of compulsory school age who are missing education, follow up with any child who might be in danger of not receiving an education and who might be at risk of abuse or neglect.

Upon receipt of a CME referral from the school, the Local Authority and the school will work jointly to attempt to track the child, for at least a further 10 school days, using access to additional contacts/services, e.g. the MASH, Health services, Housing services. If this also fails to establish the pupil's whereabouts, the school will be informed by email and may then, but not before, remove the pupil from roll and place the child's name on the School to School database, entering XXXXXXXX in the box for destination. This will place the pupil on the list of Children Missing from Education and the details will be entered onto the Department for Education (DfE) national database.

Deletions from roll agreed with the Local Authority will normally be backdated to the first day of absence.

If the Local Authority is able to contact the pupil and her/his parents, arrangements will be made with the school and family for a return to education, including a re-integration programme where necessary. If the pupil has registered at another school, the school will delete the child's name from our roll and transfer the child's educational records to the new school in the normal way. Any child protection records will be transferred separately and securely for the attention of the DSL in the new school and a receipt secured.

Pupils leaving the school for known destinations outside the maintained sector in England and Wales will be updated to the School to School database using MMMMMMM in the destination box. This includes private/independent schools, schools in other countries (including Scotland and Northern Ireland) and pupils moving into Elective Home Education. The latter will be formally notified to the Children Missing Education team by the school as soon as written confirmation is received from the parent(s).

If no confirmation is received the above Children Missing Education procedures will apply.

We will ensure that pupils who are expected to attend the school but fail to take up the place are referred to the Local Authority.

When a pupil leaves the school, we will record the name of the pupil's new school and their expected start date.

Children who run away or go missing from home or care:

The school recognises that children who run away or go missing (particularly repeatedly) and are thus absent from their normal residence are potentially vulnerable to abuse and neglect, which may include sexual abuse or exploitation and child criminal exploitation. It could also indicate mental health problems, risk of substance abuse, risk of travelling to conflict zones, risk of female genital mutilation or risk of forced marriage.

Keeping Children Safe in Education 2020 highlights that 'Statutory Guidance on Children who Run Away or go Missing from Home or Care' (DfE 2014) requires that every child or young person who runs away or goes missing must be offered a Return Home Interview (RHI) within a period of 72 hours of their return.

RHI's are intended to ascertain the factors that triggered the young person's absence. Those factors may include difficulties at home, in school and in the community. The short timescale of 72 hours is imposed in order to ensure that the RHI remains relevant to the young person and enables any required action to be initiated at the earliest opportunity.

RHI's are undertaken by practitioners who are independent in order to facilitate a discussion with the young person that is as open as possible. As soon as the Local Authority receives notification that a young person has gone missing from home or care, a letter will be sent to parents/carers seeking their consent to an RHI with their son/daughter. Direct contact will then be made with parents/carers and the young person to make arrangements for the interview.

In order to fulfil the timescale of within 72 hours, it is essential that all opportunities to interview young people including times during the school day are utilised.

When necessary and in conjunction with the Local Authority, the school will facilitate Return Home Interviews, both in terms of releasing the young person from their normal timetable to participate in an interview and in providing an appropriate and safe space on the school site for the interview to take place.

The school will check with the Local Authority whether or not parents/carers have given their consent to the interview. However, young people aged 16 and 17 years old are generally considered to be able to consent and withhold consent to their own information being shared and therefore to participate in an RHI or not. With reference to the Fraser Guidelines, younger children may also be deemed able to consent.

If the Local Authority has not received consent from parents/carers and the young person is not assessed as being capable of giving or withholding informed consent, the school will contact the parent/carer and seek to secure their consent.

Parents/carers may also choose to accompany their son/daughter in interviews and the school will facilitate that as appropriate.

There are other familial issues that can have a detrimental impact on children.

We work with other agencies in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education (2021) to support children and families in the following circumstances;

- Children facing the court procedures and/or children in the court system;
- Children with family members in prison;
- Children who are homeless;
- Children who need a social worker.

Private Fostering

Keresley Grange have a duty to refer any children who are living in a private fostering arrangement to the local authority.

We will do this through a MASH referral. It is important that parents/carers inform us if a child is going to be staying at an alternative address to that of their primary care-givers for more than 28 days.

Indicators of abuse

See below for possible indicators of abuse. (Taken from *What to do if you are worried a child is being abused*, 2015)

- Children whose behaviour changes – they may become aggressive, challenging,
- disruptive, withdrawn or clingy, or they might have difficulty sleeping or start wetting the bed;
- Children with clothes which are ill-fitting and/or dirty;
- Children with consistently poor hygiene;
- Children who make strong efforts to avoid specific family members or friends, without an obvious reason;
- Children who don't want to change clothes in front of others or participate in physical activities;
- Children who are having problems at school, for example, a sudden lack of concentration and learning or they appear to be tired and hungry;
- Children who talk about being left home alone, with inappropriate carers or with strangers;
- Children who reach developmental milestones, such as learning to speak or walk, late, with no medical reason;
- Children who are regularly missing from school or education;
- Children who are reluctant to go home after school;
- Children with poor school attendance and punctuality, or who are consistently late being picked up;
- Parents who are dismissive and non-responsive to practitioners' concerns;

- Parents who collect their children from school when drunk, or under the influence of drugs;
- Children who drink alcohol regularly from an early age;
- Children who are concerned for younger siblings without explaining why;
- Children who talk about running away; and
- Children who shy away from being touched or flinch at sudden movements.

Keresley Grange recognises that the above list of indicators is not exhaustive and staff will receive training on indicators of abuse.

Appendix C – incident form

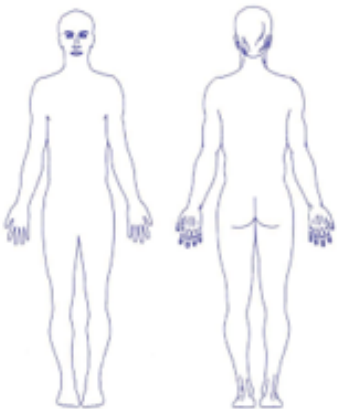


Incident Form

Staff Name:		Job Title:	
Child's Name		Date Noted:	
Where Incident Occurred:		Time Noted:	

Please use the body map and additional comments box if necessary.

Details of concern			
Be sure to use the facts and note the exact words used by the child and/or other persons present.			
Details of incident	Time incident occurred	Who was present	Where incident occurred
	Actions taken		

<p>Use the body map to document and illustrate signs of harm or physical injury. These should be completed at the time of observation.</p> 	First Aid Provided? (please tick)		
	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No
	Who else did you inform? What actions were taken?		
	Please write all adults who were informed including staff and parents. Any next steps required?		
	Signed:	Print Name:	